

Figure S1. Positive and negative control probes for the multiplex RNAscope assay. (A) Quantification of the 3-plex Positive Control Probe shows a high copy number for all 3 housekeeping gene controls for each channel. **(B)** Representative RNAscope image of the positive control probe in mouse striatum, with DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB1 (POL2RA) (shown in white), Cyclophilin B (PPIB) (shown in green), and Ubiquitin C (UBC) (shown in purple). Scale bar = 100 μ m. **(C)** Quantification of the 3-plex Negative Control Probe, which targets the DapB gene in all 3 channels (DapB-C1, DapB-C2, DapB-C3), shows neither detectable staining nor background signals. **(D)** Representative RNAscope image of the negative control probe in mouse striatum. Scale bar = 100 μ m.

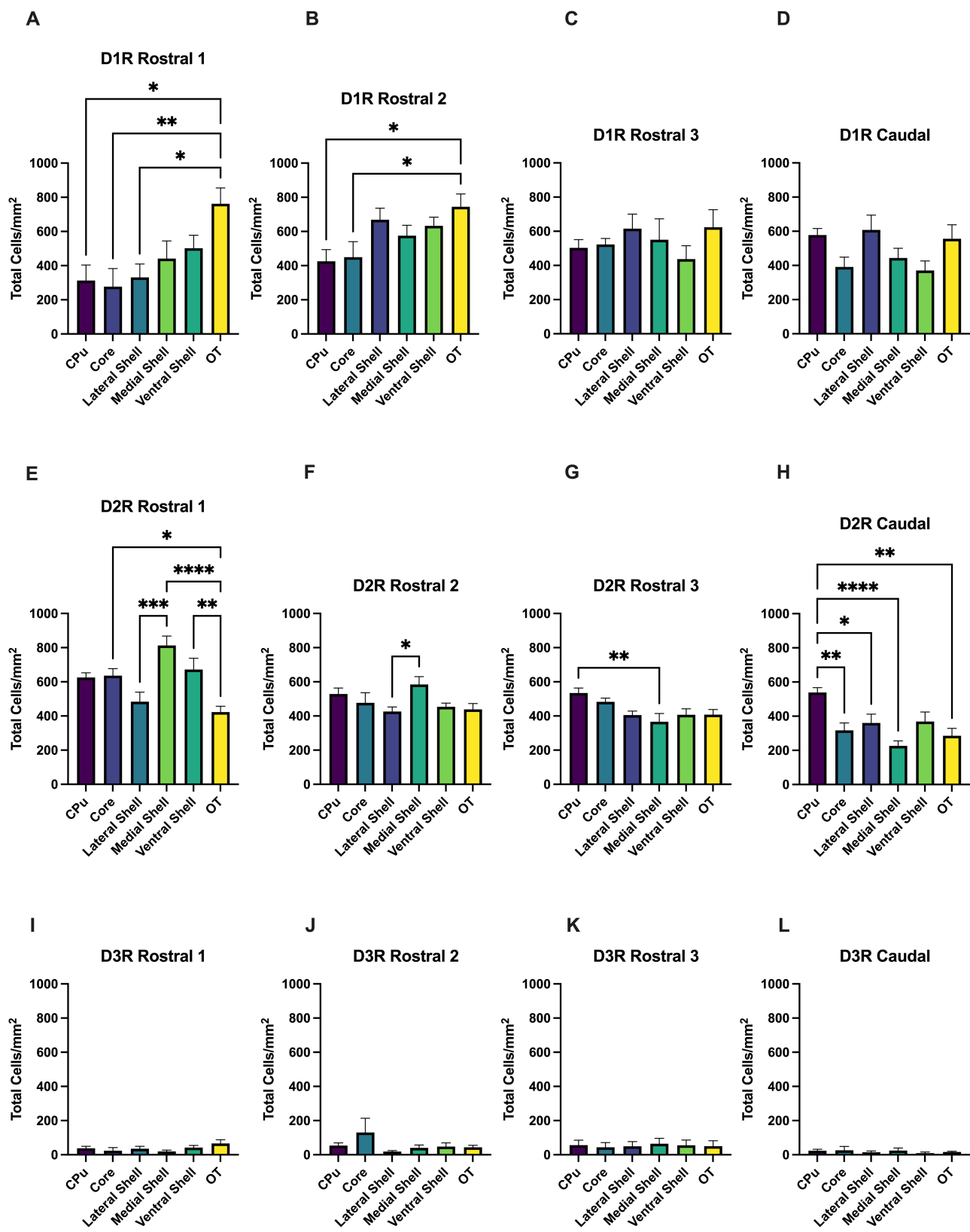


Figure S2. Detailed striatal subregional distribution of singly-expressing SPNs. Division of the NAc into specific anatomic subregions (Lateral Shell, Medial Shell, Ventral Shell, and Core) enabled a more detailed analysis of the anatomic distributions of SPNs that expressed only D1R, D2R, or D3R. **(A-D)** Distribution of D1R-only SPNs shows enrichment in the OT that disappears moving caudally (* $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$). **(E-H)** Distribution of D2R-only SPNs shows diminishing cell density in the NAc, particularly in the Medial Shell, moving caudally. **(I-L)** Distribution of D3R-only SPNs shows limited cell numbers throughout the striatum. Mean \pm SEM, $n=6$ mice for all conditions. * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$, **** $p < 0.0001$.

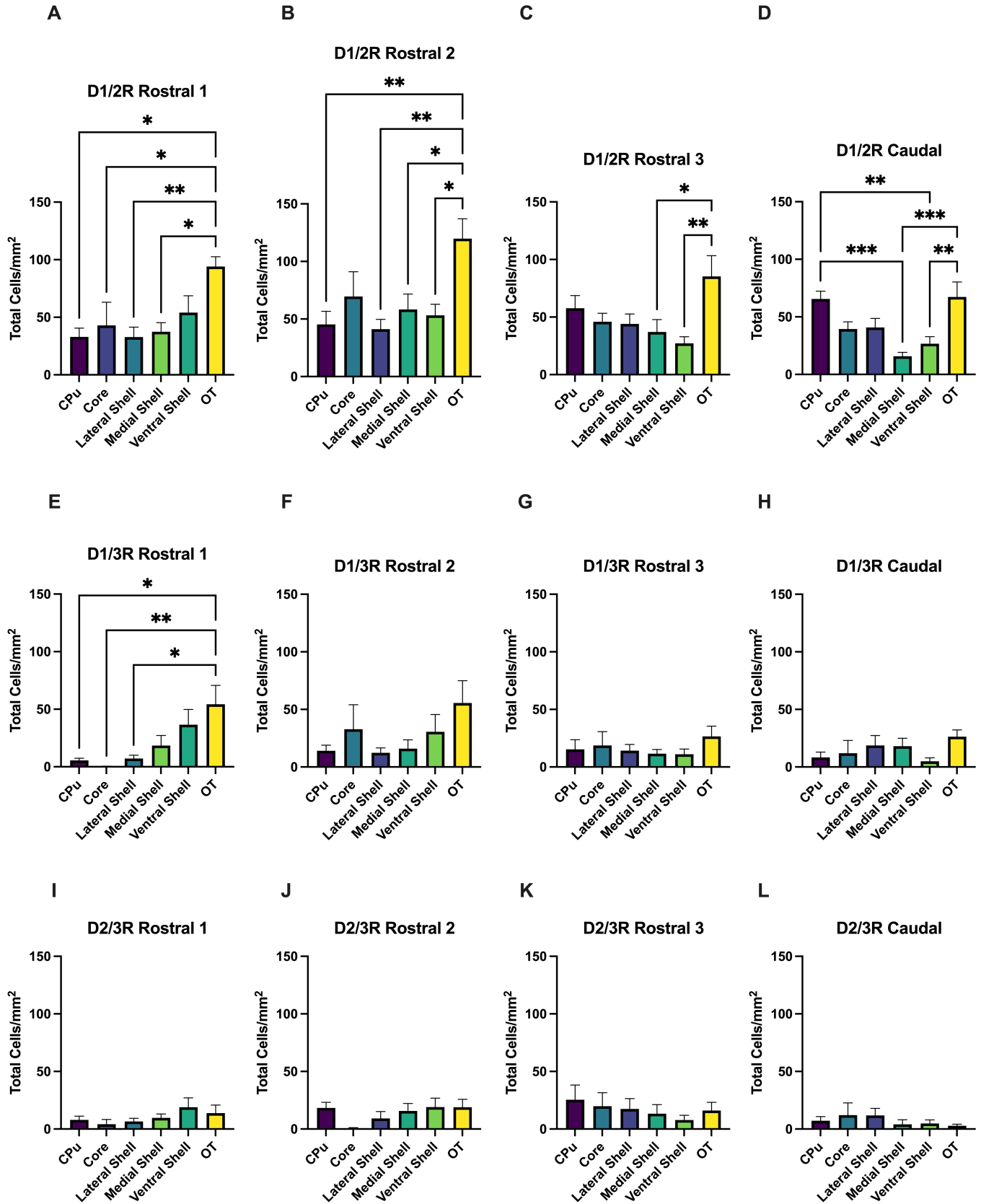


Figure S3. Detailed striatal subregional distribution of co-expressing SPNs. Distribution of D1/2R, D1/3R, and D2/3R SPNs across the striatum across ventral-dorsal and rostral-caudal axes with the NAc divided into specific anatomic subregions. **(A-D)** Distribution of D1/2R SPNs, showing enriched expression in the olfactory tubercle (OT) throughout the rostral-caudal axis (* $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$). **(E-H)** Distribution of D1/3R SPNs reveals a strong enrichment in the OT in the most rostral section **(E)** that is not evident in more caudal sections (* $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$). **(I-L)** Distribution of D2/3R SPNs shows low levels of cells even distributed throughout the striatum. Mean \pm SEM, $n=6$ mice for all conditions. * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$.

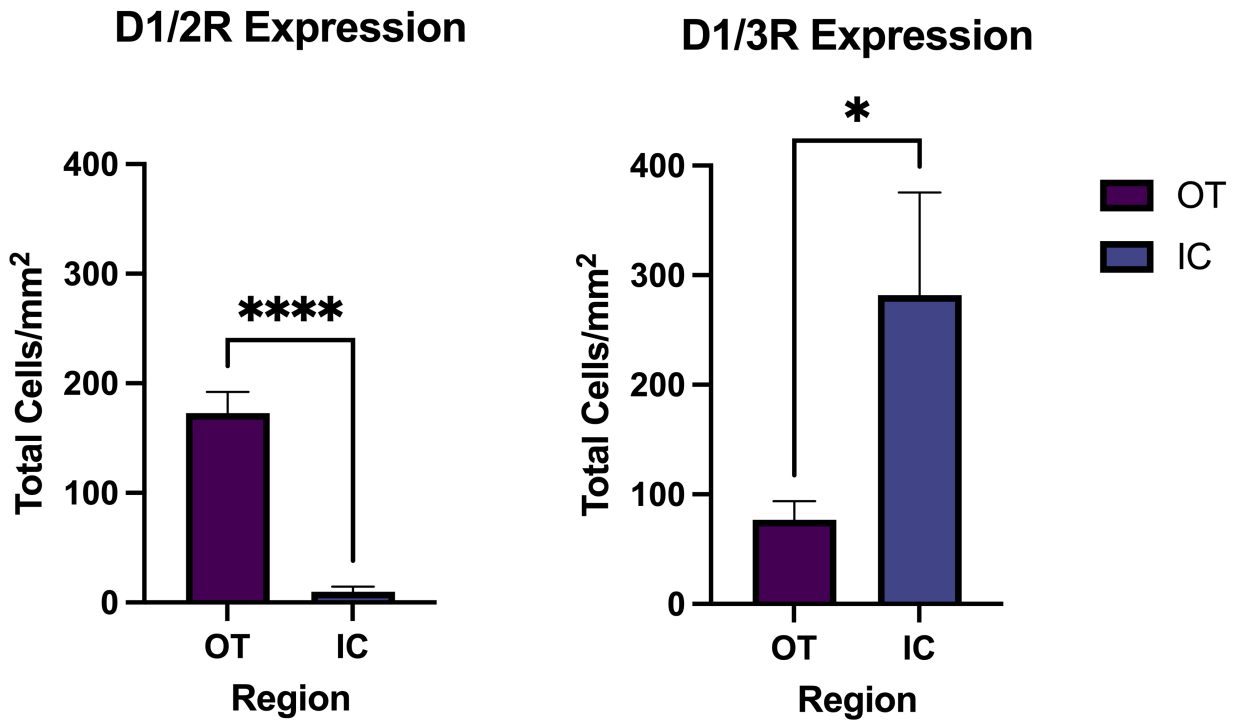


Figure S4. Spatial distribution of D1/2R and D1/3R co-expressing SPNs within the ventralmost striatum. Quantification of D1/2R and D1/3R co-expressing SPNs in most ventral subregion of the striatum including the olfactory tubercle (OT) and Islands of Calleja (IC). D1/2R SPNs were predominantly expressed in the OT as a whole compared to the IC (**** $p < 0.0001$). D1/3R SPNs were significantly enriched in the IC versus the OT (* $p = 0.0237$). Mean \pm SEM, $n = 6$ mice for all conditions. * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$, **** $p < 0.0001$.

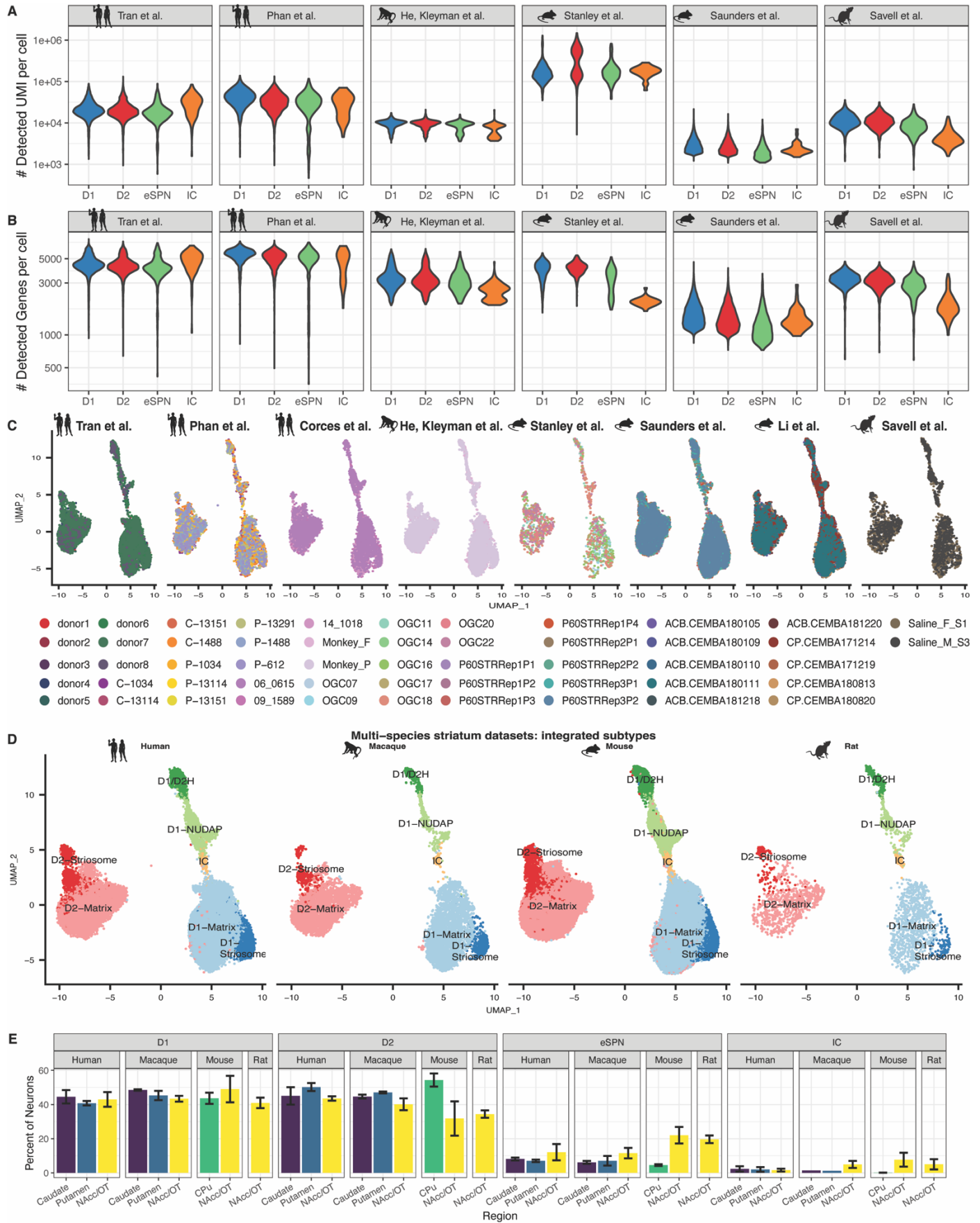


Figure S5. Sample-wise quality control metrics and integration. (A) Violin plot of unique mRNAs detected per cell stratified by cell type and single-cell RNA-seq dataset. (B) Violin plot of genes detected per cell stratified by cell type and single-cell RNA-seq dataset. (C) UMAP projection plot of integrated single-cell RNA-seq and ATAC-seq datasets colored by biological replicates stratified by dataset. (D) UMAP projection plot of integrated single-cell RNA-seq and ATAC-seq datasets colored by striatal projection neuron subtypes stratified by species. (E) Proportion of transcriptomically defined neurons across the striatum. Percent of each neuron subtype across species and striatal subregions; data is represented as mean \pm SEM.

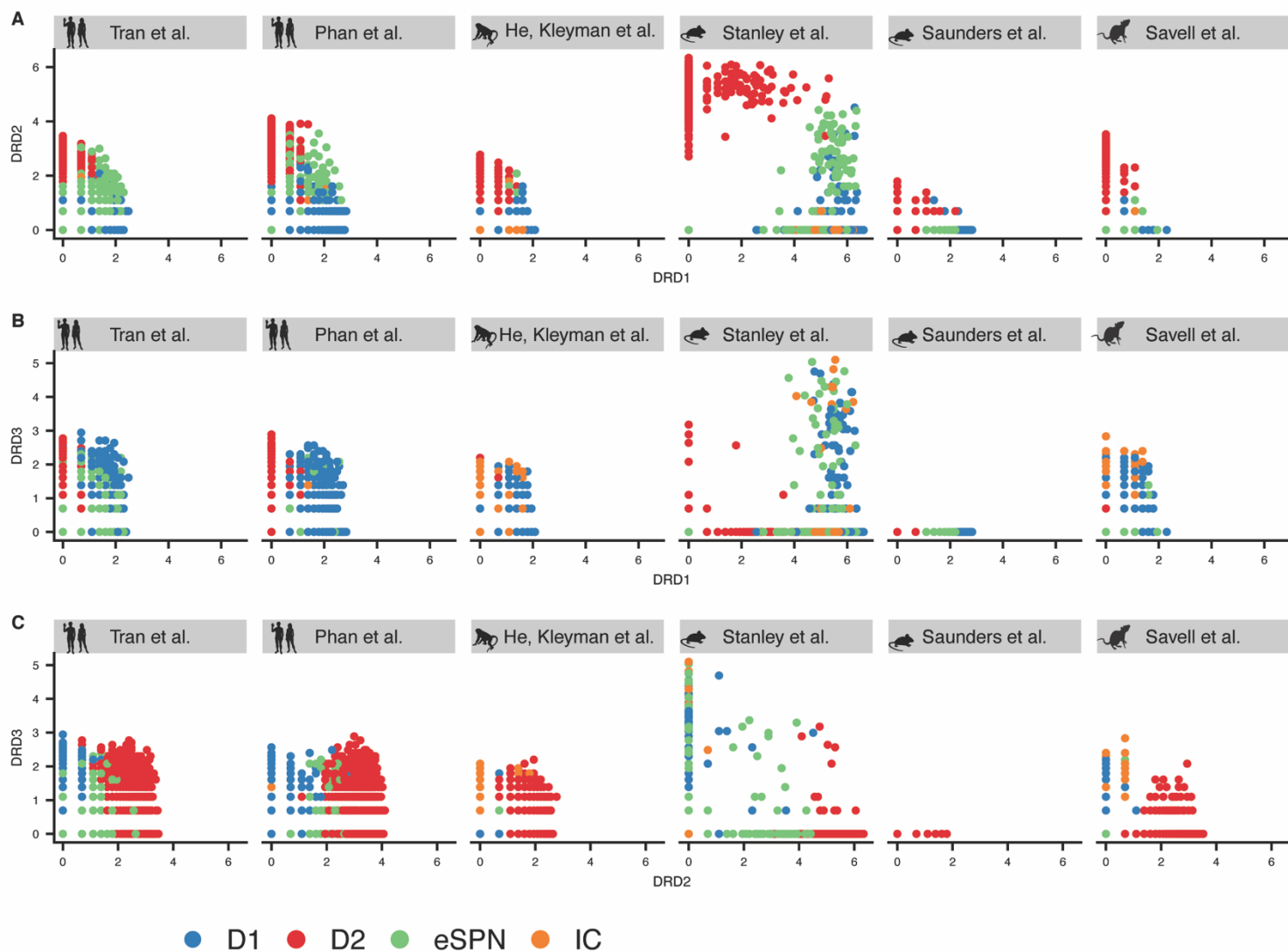


Figure S6. Co-expression of dopamine receptors across single-nuclei RNA-seq datasets. Scatterplot of dopamine receptor expression within single cells across all six analyzed studies colored by consensus cell type labels. **(A)** Plot of *DRD1* and *DRD2*, **(B)** Plot of *DRD1* and *DRD3*, and **(C)** Plot of *DRD2* and *DRD3*.